Error/ warning messages/ trouble shooting S400/ S600

Error messages

Errors that occur are displayed as a coded error number in the LED-display on the front panel, and in the "<u>STATUS</u>" screen page. All error messages result in the BTB/RTO contact being opened and the output stage of the amplifier being switched off (the motor loses all torque). The motor-holding brake is activated. Errors that are recognized by the mains supply monitoring are only reported after the servo amplifier has been enabled.

Operating condition (example with 3 A Regler)

	no 24V supply available
03	03 = Servo amplifier with 3A current rating
P 0 3	P = power supply activated
E 0 3	E = Hardware enabled (standard operating condition)
F 1 4	F = fault (example No 14, see error table)
n 0 1	n = warning (example No 1, see table warnings)
- S -	AS/STO-Enable-input not wired, amplifier disabled
A	A = ready to reset (via bus or digital input No 1)

Status message

- Program mode: ready
 Program mode: software will be loaded
 - . Amplifier modifies the start configuration

Number	Designation	Explanation	
F01*	Heat sink temperature	Heat sink temperature too high limit is set by manufacturer to 80°	
F02*	Overvoltage	Overvoltage in DC bus link limit depends on the electrical supply voltage	
F03*	Following error	Message from the position controller	
F04	Feedback	Cable break, short-circuit, short to ground	
F05*	Undervoltage	Undervoltage in DC bus link limit is set by manufacturer to 100V	
F06	Motor temperature	Motor temperature too high or temp. sensor defec limit is set by manufacturer to 145°C	
F07	Internal voltage supply	Internal amplifier supply voltages are out of tolerance	
F08*	Overspeed	Motor runs away, speed is too high	
F09	EEPROM	Checksum error	
F10	reserved	reserved	
F11	Brake	Cable break, short-circuit, short to ground	
F12	Motor phase	Motor phase missing (cable break or similar)	

F13*	Internal temperature	Internal temperature too high
F14	Output stage	Fault in the power output stage
F15	l²t max.	I ² t maximum value exceeded
F16*	Supply BTB/RTO	2 or 3 phases missing in the mains supply feed
F17	A/D converter	Error in the analog-digital conversion, normally caused by extreme electromagnetic interference
F18	Regen	Regen circuit faulty or incorrect setting
F19*	Supply phase	A phase is missing in the mains supply power feed (can be switched off for 2-phase operation)
F20	Slot fault	Slot error (hardware fault on expansion card ERRCODE)
F21	Handling error	Software error on the expansion card
F22	Earth short circuit	For 40/70 amps type only
F23	CAN-bus off	Severe CAN bus communication error
F24	Warning	Warning is displayed as fault
F25	Commutation error	Commutation error
F26	Limit switch	Homing error (machine has driven onto hardware limit switch)
F27	AS	Operational error with -AS- , input for AS-Enable and ENABLE have been set at the same time
F28	External Trajectory	External position profile generator created a step, that exceeded the maximum value
F29	Slot Error	Depends on expansion card (ERRCODE)
F30	Emergency timeout	Timeout emergency stop
F31	Macro	Macro program error
F32	System Error	system software not responding correctly

* = These error messages can be cancelled by the ASCII command <u>CLRFAULT</u>, without executing a reset. If only these errors are present, and the RESET button or the I/O-function <u>RESET</u> is used, the <u>CLRFAULT</u> command is also all that is carried out.

Warning messages

Faults that occur, but do not cause a switch-off of the output stage of the amplifier (BTB/RTO contact remains closed), are displayed as a coded warning number in the LED-display on the front panel, and shown in the screen page "<u>STATUS</u>". Warnings that are recognized by the supply monitoring are only reported after the servo amplifier has been enabled.

Description see parameter **<u>STATCODE</u>**.

Number	Designation	Explanation
n01	l²t	I ² t threshold exceeded
n02	Regen power	Reached preset regen power limit
n03*	S_fault	Exceeded preset following error limit
n04*	Response monitoring	Response monitoring (fieldbus) has been

		activated	
n05	Supply phase	Mains supply phase missing	
n06*	SW limit switch 1	Underrun software limit switch 1	
n07*	SW limit switch 2	Overrun software limit switch 2	
n08	Motion task error	A faulty motion task was started	
n09	No reference point	No reference point (Home) set at start of motion task	
n10*	PSTOP	PSTOP limit-switch activated	
n11*	NSTOP	NSTOP limit-switch activated	
n12	Motor default values loaded	Only for ENDAT or HIPERFACE [®] : discrepancy between motor number saved in the encoder and the amplifier, motor default values loaded	
n13*	Slot warning	24V supply of the I/O expansion board is missing	
n14	SinCos feedback	SinCos commutation (wake & shake) not completed, will be canceled when amplifier is enabled and wake & shake carried out	
n15	Table error	Fault according to speed/current table INXMODE 35	
n16	Summarized warning	Summarized warning for n17 to n31	
n17	Fielbus Synchronization	The mode synchronization SYNCSRC is selected but the drive isn't in synchronies cycle	
n18	Multiturn overrun	Using Multiturn encoder feedback, an overrun over the maximum number of resolutions was detected	
n19	Motion task ramps are limited	Range overflow on motion task data	
n20	Wrong GMT data	Wrong "Graphical Motion Task" data	
n21	PLC program error	For details see plc code	
n22	2 max. motor temperatur reached The user can shut down the process before t temperature eror will interrupt the process immediately		
n23n31	reserved	reserved	
n32	firmware beta version	Firmware is an unreleased beta version	

* = These warning messages lead to a controlled shut-down of the drive (braking with the emergency ramp)

Trouble-Shooting

There may be a wide variety of causes of any fault that occurs, depending on the conditions in your system. In multi-axis systems there may be further hidden causes of a fault. Our applications department can give you further assistance with problems.

Help with Faults

Display Meaning	Possible causes	Measures/ explanation
HMI message:	Wrong cable used	Use null-modem cable
Communication fault	Cable plugged into wrong position on servo amplifier or PC	Plug cable into the correct sockets on the servo amplifier and PC

		Wrong PC interface selected	Select correct interface
F01*	Heat Sink Temperature	Heat sink temperature too high	Max. value adjusted by manufacturer to 80°C. Decrease ambient temperature.
		Amplifier contaminated	Check / blow out ventilation slots. Use air filters.
		Fan defective / non-contacted	Check the air flow / fan noise; if defective, send the amplifier to the manufacturer for repair.
		Value MAXTEMPH too small	Range 20 85°C, default 80°C
		No air flow due to restricted installation	Conversion of the switchgear cabinet. Install an air-conditioning unit.
		Hardware faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
F02*	Overvoltage in DC Bus Link	Regen energy too high	"n02" displayed beforehand. Possibly use an external braking resistor or, in the case of multiple amplifiers, connect DC links.
	Max. value depends	Mains voltage set too low	Set the mains voltage correctly on the <u>Basic Setup</u> screen page
	on the set mains voltage	Regen resistor configured incorrect	Set the details for the internal or external braking resistor correctly on the <u>Basic Setup</u> screen page
		Regen resistor wired incorrect	Check the wiring (see product manual). Internal braking resistor: Bridge must be present on the connector! External braking resistor: Bridge must be removed from the connector!
		Fuse in regen resistor defect	Replace fuse
		Braking ramps too short	Extend the braking ramps on the <u>Speed</u> screen page
		DC Bus not linked to other amplifiers	In the case of multiple amplifiers from the same family, connect the DC links (see product manual)
F03*	Following error	Axis is mechanically tight or blocked	Check the mechanical system
	message of the position controller (in <u>OPMODE</u> 5 or 6 only)	Inadequate torque for the ramps set	Travel along flatter ramps (<u>ACC</u> , <u>DEC</u>)
		Ramps in the speed controller are longer than ramps in the position controller	Lower the acceleration ramp (ACC) and braking ramp (DEC) in the speed controller
		Amplifications set too low. Axis is too undynamic	Adjust the amplification. <u>Speed</u> and possibly <u>Position</u> screen pages
		Amplifications set too high. Axis oscillates.	Adjust the amplification. <u>Speed</u> and possibly <u>Position</u> , screen pages, insert a filter
		IPEAK (maximum current) too low	Enlarge the following error window (<u>Position Data</u> screen page) or use a larger amplifier / motor, increase <u>IPEAK</u> .
F04	Feedback	Short circuit, short to ground	Check the feedback cable

		Encoder defective	Exchange encoder / motor
		Contacts in connector not OK	Check contacts
		Incorrect feedback set	See <u>FBTYPE</u>
		Incorrect / defective feedback cable	Check cable (particularly critical in the cable trailing device)
		Incompatible feedback	See <u>FBTYPE</u>
		Poorly shielded cables	Use suitable cables (see product manual)
		Feedback cable is too low	Adhere to the max. permissible cable length (see product manual)
		Coupling fault signals	Check shielding, ensure compliance with the minimum spacing between the power cables and the signal connections (see product manual)
F05*	Undervoltage	Mains contactor not connected	Wiring / Emergency stop / Control logic /
		Switch-on sequence not complied with	First of all switch on the power contactor which is connected via the BTB contact. Then switch the enable signal on approx. 0.5s later
		Emergency stop has cut off the mains voltage	Operator information
		VBUSMIN parameter set too low.	Adjustment of the parameter, e.g. in 48VDC applications.
		The monitor has to be switched off in some applications with <u>UVLTMODE</u>	Example: Positioning the axis in the event of mains failure.
F06	Motor Temperature	Motor overheating	Incorrect motor parameters / Poor cooling
		Defective temperature sensor	Measure the sensor resistance. Switch: -low temperature: switch closed -high temperature: switch open. PTC thermistor: -low temperature: low resistance -high temperature: high resistance
		Connector on the feedback unit loose or feedback cable interrupted	Connector / cable control
		Motor without a temperature sensor	Installation of a bridge in the connector
		Cutoff threshold for the temperature sensor is set too low	Set the <u>MAXTEMPM</u> parameter (to the cutoff threshold, see parameter description)
		Amplifier defective	Bridge the temperature contact for testing at the resolver or SinCos interface
		Unused thermostatic switch / element	Contact Customer Support
F07	Internal Voltages faulty	External short circuit or overload on a power supply voltage	Disconnect all the connectors apart from 24V and check whether

			the error occurs again when you
			switch on
		24V undershot for amplifier logic	Adhere to the tolerance criteria for the 24V voltage supply (see product manual)
		Motor brake with excess current consumption.	Adhere to the maximum motor brake current (see product manual); supply brake with external voltage.
		Hardware faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
		Feedback system with excess current consumption.	Contact Customer Support
F08*	Overspeed	Speed in excess of permissible limit	Check the <u>VOSPD</u> (limit speed) and raise it, if necessary.
		Speed in excess of permissible limit	Reduce overswing by assigning amplification parameters
		Feedback cable is defective	(Possibly check by shaking the cable) Replace the cable
		VLIM too low	When a new motor is loaded, quicker motors with a max. of only 3,000 rpm are also entered. The end speed and overspeed have to be adapted for higher speeds.
		Motor vibrates.	Parameter adaptation
		Tables of motion tasks with a time base which is too low.	Increase target times or use a motor with a higher nominal speed
		Feedback on the incorrect motor inserted.	Check and correct assignment
		Motor phases inverted	Check the pin assignment
		Feedback incorrectly set	Set angle offset correctly (MPHASE)
F09	EEPROM Checksum Error	Amplifier switched off during the storage process	Re-enter parameters and save them
		Manually changed parameter record loaded with lower-case lettering.	Change the lower-case lettering to upper case
		Hardware faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
F10	Reserve	-	-
F11	Cable brake motor	Short circuit, short to ground	Replace the cable
	brake	Motor cable without brake wires	Connect the correct motor cable
		Motor without a brake	Set MBRAKE to 0
		Motor brake current consumption too low.	Raise current consumption to a minimum of 150mA (e.g. through parallel resistors).
		Hardware faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
F12	Motor Phase	Shield on the motor cable is badly attached or missing	Check the shield connections
		Strong external EMC interference	Additional design of motor shields on the mounting plate of the

			switchgear cabinet.
		Motor cable capacity is too high	Use a motor choke / Shorten the cable / Use cables
		Installed motor contactor does not switch on time.	Check contactor
		Installed motor contactor has burnt contacts.	Check contactor
		Hardware faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
		Motor connector not plugged in the servo amplifier or motor.	Check connector
F13*	Ambient	Ambient Temperature too high	Use a cooling device
	Temperature too high	Detection faulty (usually combined with F17)	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
		Cutoff threshold is too low	Increase TEMPE
		Switchgear cabinet is too warm.	Use a cooling device
F14	Output Stage	Short circuit in the motor cable	Replace motor cable
		Output stage faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
		Insulation fault in the motor	Conduct measurements with an ohmmeter between the motor phases: must be symmetrical. Measure the motor phases to the PE; it must be unending. If there is a high-voltage tester available, use it to measure the motor phases to PE.
		Motor contactor does not switch on time.	Check the switching sequence
		Motor contactor has burnt contacts.	Replace motor contactor.
		Short circuit in the electric circuit for the external braking resistor	Check, rectify short circuit
F15	I ² t maximum value exceeded	Drive is mechanically tight	Check mechanical system, use a larger amplifier/motor
		Sine ² ramps	Extend the acceleration/braking ramps (<u>ACC</u> , <u>DEC</u>)
		Incorrect design	Contact Customer Support
		Incorrect phase angle between feedback and magnet elements in the motor.	Correct the <u>MPHASE</u> , possibly reset with <u>ZERO</u> .
		Ramps are too steep	Extend the acceleration/braking ramps (<u>ACC</u> , <u>DEC</u>)
		Intervals are too short	Extend the recovery intervals between motion tasks (<u>Motion</u> <u>Tasks</u> screen page)
		Vibration in the current controller	Adjust the amplification of the <u>MLGQ</u> and the <u>KTN</u> reset time
		Motor has an inter-turn fault (only in the case of a partial short circuit)	Replace motor
F16*		Three-phase operation is set in the case of a single-phase in-feed.	check setting on screen page Basic Setup

	missing	Phases missing from in-feed.	Check wiring/fuses/main contactor
		Special settings are required for a DC in-feed.	Contact Customer Support
		Amplifier enabled even though they was no mains voltage	Amplifier only enabled when the mains voltage is switched on (comply with switch-on sequence)
F17	A/D converter error	Strong electromagnetic interference	Reduce EMC interference; check shielding and earthing. Mount devices which generate electrical fields further away from the amplifier.
		Hardware faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
F18	Regen Circuit	Regen resistor extern selected, but the internal one is used.	Check setting on screen page Basic Setup
		Destroyed regen transistor	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair
F19*	DC Bus Link (can be switched off	There is no voltage at the power terminals.	Check and switch on power supply
	for operation with two phases mains)	Voltage level is incorrectly configured.	Adapt <u>VBUSMIN</u>
		Excessive load on the DC link during acceleration in combination with a soft voltage source (isolation transformer)	Adapt parameters or hardware
F20	Slot Error	Hardware error and the expansion card	In the case of expansion card I/O- 14/08, check the card's external power supply unit
		Incorrect PROFIBUS card	Contact Customer Support
		Firmware does not support the card which is inserted.	Contact Customer Support
		Card is not inserted correctly	Remove the card and insert a new one and tighten it, following the instructions in the product manual.
		Power consumption of the plug-in card is too high.	Contact Customer Support
F21	Handling Error	Software error on the expansion card	Contact Customer Support
		Plug-in card not permitted	Contact Customer Support
F22	Reserved	-	-
F23	CAN Bus	Severe CAN bus communication error.	Check CAN cable and controller
F24	Warning	Warning is displayed as fault	With the <u>WMASK</u> parameter you can read out which warning(s) are evaluated as errors. On the basis of this information, refer to the list of warning messages. The <u>LASTWMASK</u> parameter indicates which warning last led to F24.
F25	Commutation error (motor may have	Wiring error in motor phases	Test motor cable fully – Adapt <u>DIR</u>

	oversped) Power vector and motion are in reverse.	Wiring error on feedback cable	Check direction of rotation in the monitor window, test feedback cable fully – Adapt <u>DIR</u>
		Internal clearance / oscillation of the mechanical system	Examine mechanical system and align it, if necessary
		Monitor is too sensitive	Raise <u>VCOMM</u> (<u>VCOMM</u> = <u>MSPEED</u> means minimum sensitivity)
		Motor cable / feedback cable from another motor plugged in.	Check and correct amplifier-motor assignment.
		Offset too high	Check resolver pole number (<u>RESPOLES</u>), motor pole number (<u>MPOLES</u>) and offset (<u>MPHASE</u>)
		Wake&Shake failed	Perform Wake&Shake
F26	Limit switch	Cable brake (limit switches)	Check cable
	Homing error	Limit switches connected do not belong to the axis.	Check and correct limit switch-axis assignment.
		No limit switches connected.	Disable input functions (<u>Digital I/O</u> screen page)
	Hardware Limit Switch reached (defined by <u>REFLS</u>)	Limit switches inverted.	Assign PSTOP and NSTOP correctly to the inputs (<u>Digital I/O</u> screen page)
F27	AS error	The AS-enable was switched at the same time as or later than the amplifier-enable.	Consider Switch-On sequence (see product manual)
		Cable fault (AS wiring)	Check wiring, measure cable- resistance.
F28	Fieldbus, ext. trajectory	"External trajectory" error is generated if the setpoint jump exceeds the maximum permissible value when the external position trajectory is specified.	Adaptation of the specified values (<u>VLIM</u> / <u>PVMAX</u>)
		EtherCAT: The "synchronization" error is generated if the drive cannot be synchronized during phase ramp- up or if the drive loses its synchronization in EtherCAT "Operational" state.	Check EtherCat system.
F29	Fieldbus not synchronized	Timing error	Communication problem by the controller
		Power supply	External power supply for an expansion card missed.
		Expansion card not compatible	Contact Customer Support
F30	Emergency Stop	Brake ramp too long	Decrease DECSTOP
	Timeout	Peak current set too small	Increase IPEAK
	Default 5.000ms	Brake time too short	Increase EMRGTO
		Amplifier too small	Select servo amplifier with higher rated/peak current
	Motor doesn't stop in the set time.		
F31	Error in Macro	Endless loop in macro program	Check macro program

	Program	Overly intricate calculations in the quick tasks.	Check program. Tip: Always use "Debug on" for tests.
F32	System error, System software doesn't work correctly	Processor overloaded	Too many stations in the network/Baud rate too high/Functions too complex (PLC)
		Hardware faulty	Return the servo amplifier to manufacturer for repair

Help with Warnings

Display	Meaning	Possible causes	Measures/ explanation
n01	I ² t treshold exceeds the set limit value <u>I2TLIM</u> .	Mechanical system is tight	Check the mechanical system
		Amplifier dimensions too low	Use an amplifier with a higher current
		Motor dimensions too low	Use a motor with a higher current
		Driving profile is too aggressive	Define recovery times
n02	Brake power exceeds the set limit value <u>PBALMAX</u> .	Incorrect brake power set	Check setting
		Internal brake resistance too low	Use external brake resistance, extend braking ramps (<u>DEC</u> / <u>DECSTOP</u>)
n03	Following error exceeds the set limit value <u>PEMAX</u> .	Mechanical system is tight	Check the mechanical system
		Amplifier dimensions too low	Use an amplifier with a higher current
		Driving profile is too aggressive	Define recovery times, extend ramps
		Following error set too low	Check setting
n04	Fieldbus communication monitor has responded (<u>EXTWD</u>).	During commissioning: no fieldbus connected	Disable watchdog temporarily $(\underline{EXTWD} = 0)$
		In operation: communication problem	Check bus installation
n05	One of the three mains phases is missing		Check the mains connection, fuses and mains contactor
n06	Position setting for software limit switch 1 (<u>SWE1</u>) has been undershot	Axis has been moved beyond the position which has been configured as the end position	Check the position of the axis and setting of the software limit switch
n07	Position setting for software limit switch 2 (<u>SWE2</u>) has been exceeded	Axis has been moved beyond the position which has been configured as the end position	Check the position of the axis and setting of the software limit switch
n08	Defective motion task	Commenced motion task does not exist (checksum is defective)	Create a new motion task
		Target position lies outside the permissible range	Check software limit switches and target positions
		Defective acceleration values	Check units and numerical values
		OPMODE does not support the	Set correct OPMODE

		function	
n09	No reference point	No reference point set when a motion task is started.	Perform homing or set reference point
n10	Hardware Limit Switch PSTOP	Positive limit switch has responded	Move the axis in a negative direction from the limit switch
		Limit switch not connected	Change the parameterization of digital I/Os or connect the limit switch
		Limit switch sensor has incorrect logic.	Insert break contacts as limit switches (instead of make contacts).
n11	Hardware Limit Switch NSTOP	Negative limit switch has responded	Move the axis in a positive direction from the limit switch
		Limit switch not connected	Change the parameterization of digital I/Os or connect the limit switch
		Limit switch sensor has incorrect logic.	Insert break contacts as limit switches (instead of make contacts).
n12	Motor default values loaded	Motor numbers stored in the encoder and amplifier do not match the parameters that have been set	SAVE motor number to the EEPROM and with <u>HSAVE</u> to the encoder.
n13	Expansion card	24V supply for the I/O expansion card missed	Check wiring and 24V power supply
n14	SinCos-Feedback	SinCos commutation (wake&shake) not completed	ENABLE the amplifier
n16	Summarized Warning	Summarized warning for n17 to n31	See warning #
n17	Feldbus Sync	CAN sync is activated, but is not sent synchronously from the controller, if at all.	Check fieldbus settings
n18	Multiturn overflow	More than +/-2048 revolutions counted with the multiturn encoder connected	Ignore or disable monitoring with DRVCNFG Bit7=1
			Move motor to encode position 0 prior to installation
n19	Motion task ramps have been limited	Permissible value range exceeded by the process block data	Check the process block data
n20	Invalid motion task		Check the data from the last process block started. Also determine the process block number with <u>MOVE</u> .
n21	Warning by PLC Program	Only in the macro program in the servo amplifier	Application-specific
n22	Max. motor temperature reached	Alarm threshold setting exceeded, motor overloaded	Check the motor temperature.
		Mechanical system is tight/blocked	Check the mechanical system
n32	Firmware Beta Version	For testing reasons only	No warranty by the manufacturer for error free functionality

Help with other problems

Problem	Possible causes	Measures
Motor does not	Servo amplifier not enabled	Apply ENABLE signal
rotate	Software enable not set	Set software enable
	Break in setpoint cable	Check setpoint cable
	Motor phases swapped	Correct motor phase sequence
	Brake not released	Check brake control
	Drive is mechanically blocked	Check mechanism
	Motor pole no. set incorrectly	Set motor pole no.
	Feedback set up incorrectly	Set up feedback correctly
Motor oscillates	Gain is too high (speed controller)	Reduce <u>Kp~GV</u> (speed controller)
	Feedback cable shielding broken	Replace feedback cable
	AGND not wired up	Join AGND to CNC-GND
Drive too soft	Kp~GV (speed controller) too low	Increase Kp~GV (speed controller)
	Tn~GVTN (speed controller) too high	Use motor default value for <u>Tn~GVTN</u> (speed controller)
	GVT2 too high	Reduce GVT2
Drive runs	Kp~GV (speed controller) too high	Reduce Kp~GV (speed controller)
roughly	Tn~GVTN (speed controller) too low	Use motor default value for <u>Tn~GVTN</u> (speed controller)
	GVT2 too low	Increase <u>GVT2</u>
Axis drifts at setpoint = 0V	Offset not correctly adjusted for analog setpoint provision	Adjust offset (analog I/O)
	AGND not joined to the controller-GND of the controls	Join AGND and controller-GND

The situations listed below are not necessarily monitored by a message.